

Indian Institute of Science

ME 242: Midsemester Test

Date: 13/11/21.

Duration: 9.30 a.m.–11.00 a.m.

Maximum Marks: 10

1. The wedge-shaped body shown in Fig. 1 with inner radius a , outer radius b , and included angle $2\theta_0$ is subjected to uniform pressure loading p_0 on the outer surface $r = b$, while the surface $r = a$ is traction free. The surfaces $\theta = \pm\theta_0$ have roller supports along them. The displacement field that satisfies the equations of equilibrium is given by

$$\begin{aligned}2\mu u_r &= 2c_1(1 - 2\nu)r - \frac{c_2}{r} - \frac{c_3\theta}{r} + c_4 \cos \theta, \\2\mu u_\theta &= -\frac{c_3 \log r}{r} - c_4 \sin \theta,\end{aligned}$$

where c_1 , c_2 , c_3 and c_4 are constants. The strain-displacement and constitutive relations are

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_{rr} &= \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r}, & \epsilon_{r\theta} &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} + r \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(\frac{u_\theta}{r} \right) \right], \\ \epsilon_{\theta\theta} &= \frac{1}{r} \left(\frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + u_r \right), & \text{tr } \boldsymbol{\epsilon} &= \epsilon_{rr} + \epsilon_{\theta\theta}, \\ \boldsymbol{\tau} &= \lambda(\text{tr } \boldsymbol{\epsilon})\mathbf{I} + 2\mu\boldsymbol{\epsilon}.\end{aligned}$$

- (a) State the boundary conditions at the surfaces $r = a, b$ and $\theta = \pm\theta_0$.
- (b) Assuming plane strain conditions ($u_z = 0$), and treating the problem as two-dimensional (i.e., all field variables are functions of (r, θ) only), determine the constants c_1 , c_2 , c_3 and c_4 in terms of the given data. Every step should be *mathematically justified*.

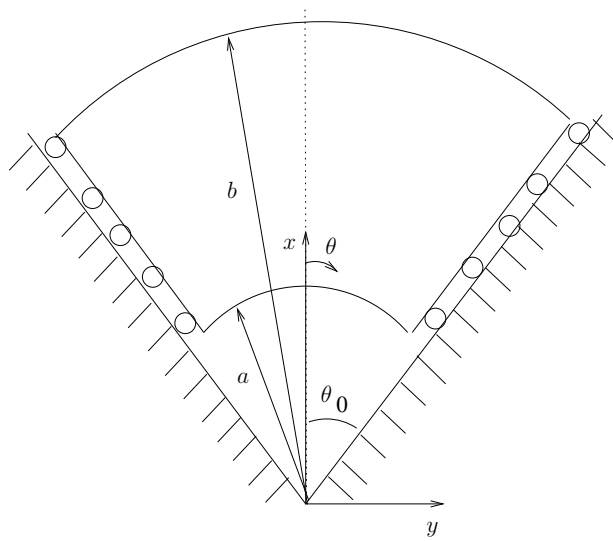


Figure 1: Constrained wedge with roller supports at $\theta = \pm\theta_0$ subjected to a uniform pressure loading at $r = b$, with the surface $r = a$ being traction free.