



Coding of Effects of Thermoelastic Damping

NE211: Micro- Nano Mechanics
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Overview

- Goal
- What is TED?
- Why TED is important in MEMS/ NEMS?
- Equations involved
- Effects of TED



Goal

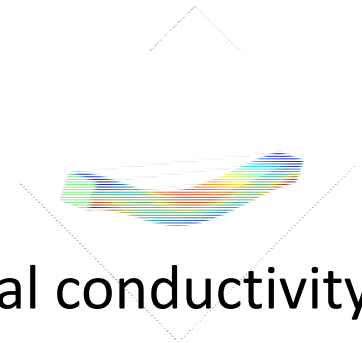
- The aim of project is to have an idea about thermoelastic damping
- Understand its effect
- Use MATLAB to verify the effects

What is TED?

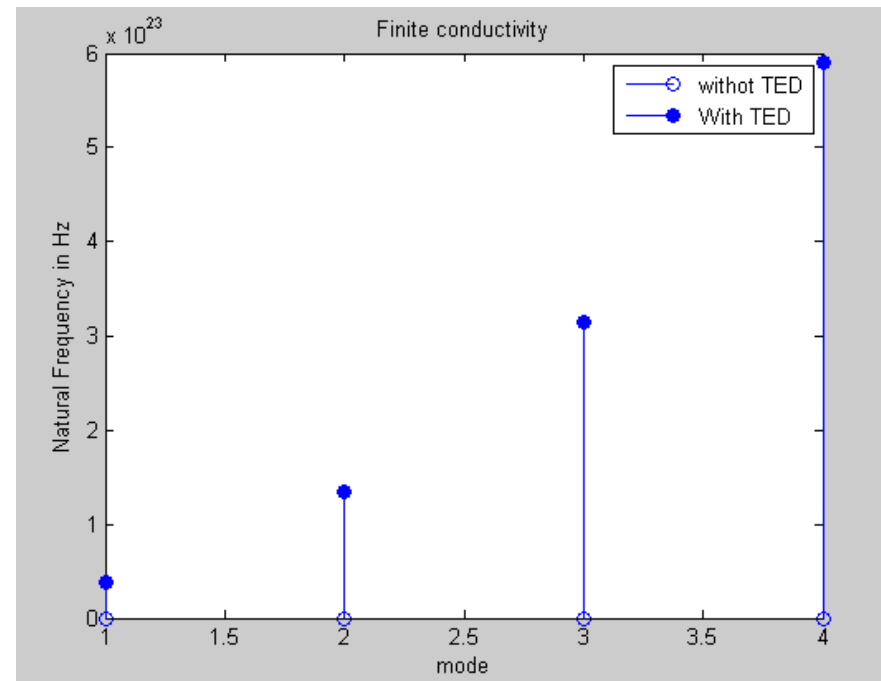
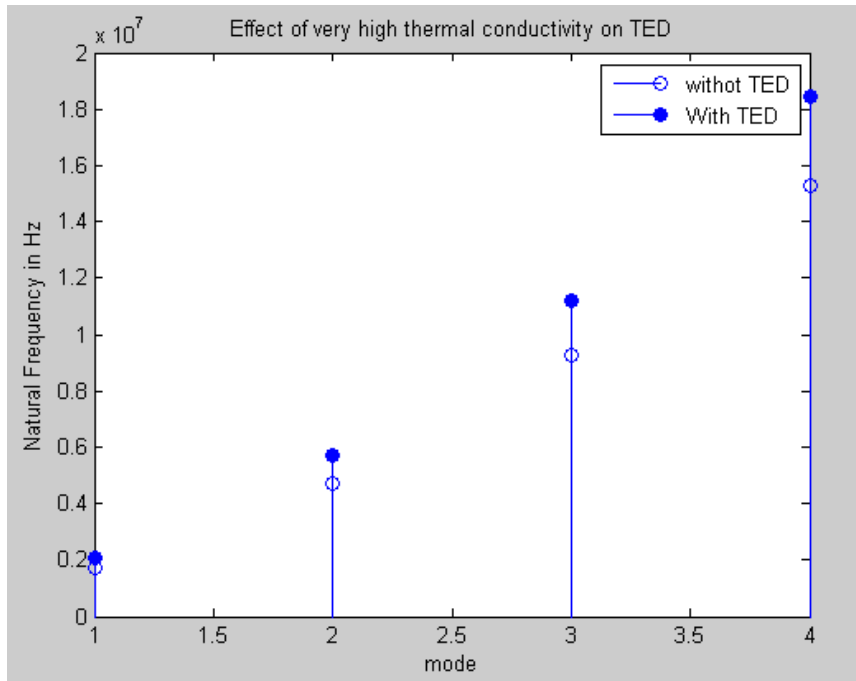
Thermoelastic Damping



- Stress field in vibrating body is non-uniform
- Some region become hotter relative to others
- Heat flows within the body, if it has finite thermal conductivity
- Temperature field is set up which intern affects strain



Finite Thermal Conductivity ...





Why TED is important in MEMS/NEMS?

- Flexural-mode micromechanical and nanomechanical beam resonators are critical components in many areas
- Consequences of coupling of elastic and thermal energy domains are -
 1. Attenuation of amplitude of vibration
 2. Shift of isothermal frequency
- It is intrinsic and hence imposes an upper limit on the Quality factor



Equations involved

Equation of motion of the beam

$$\rho A \frac{\delta^2 W}{\delta t^2} + \frac{\delta^2}{\delta x^2} \left(EI \frac{\delta^2 W}{\delta x^2} + E \alpha I_t \right) = 0 \quad *$$

Heat equation : 1D

$$\frac{\delta \theta}{\delta t} = \chi \frac{\delta^2 \theta}{\delta y^2} + \gamma \frac{\Delta E}{\alpha} \frac{\delta}{\delta t} \left(\frac{\delta^2 W}{\delta x^2} \right) \quad *$$

To calculate the effect of thermoelastic damping on the vibration of a thin beam, the above coupled thermoelastic equations are solved for the case of harmonic vibrations.

** Thermoelastic damping in micro- and nanomechanical systems
- Ron Lifshitz and M.L. Roukes
- Physical review B, volume 61. number 8, 2000*



New eigen frequencies of beam

The beam equation takes the following form

$$\omega^2 W_o = \frac{EI}{\rho A} \{1 + \Delta E [1 + f(\omega)]\} \frac{\delta^4 W_o}{\delta x^4} \quad *$$

$f(\omega)$ is complex function of $k(\omega)$

Young's modulus E is replaced by a frequency dependent modulus

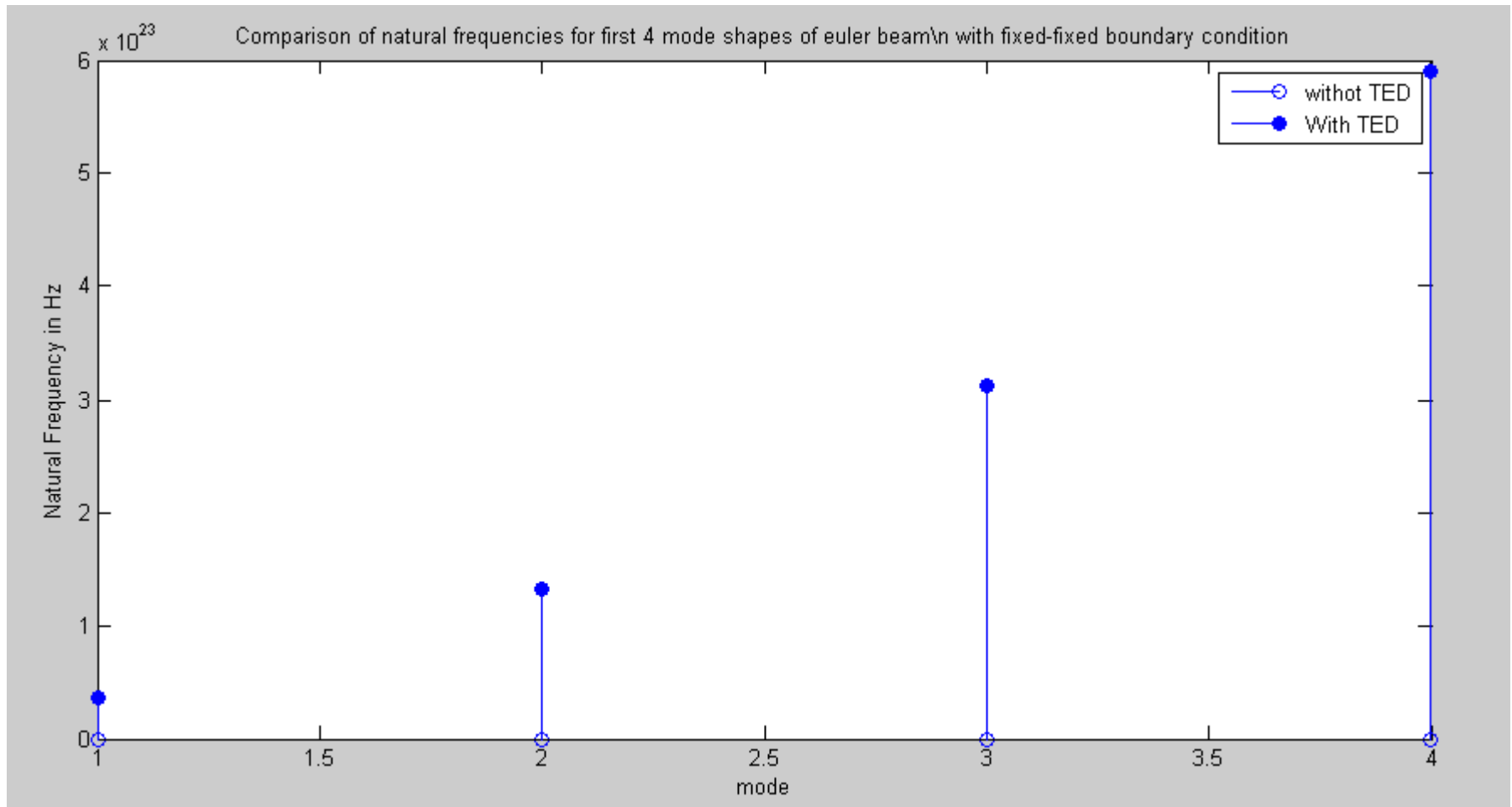
$$E_\omega = E \{1 + \Delta E [1 + f(\omega)]\} \quad *$$

- In general the new frequencies are complex
- The real part gives new eigen frequencies
- The imaginary part gives the attenuation

$$* \omega_{TED} = \omega \left\{ 1 + \frac{\Delta E}{2} [1 + f(\omega)] \right\}$$

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Effect Of TED on Eigen-frequency

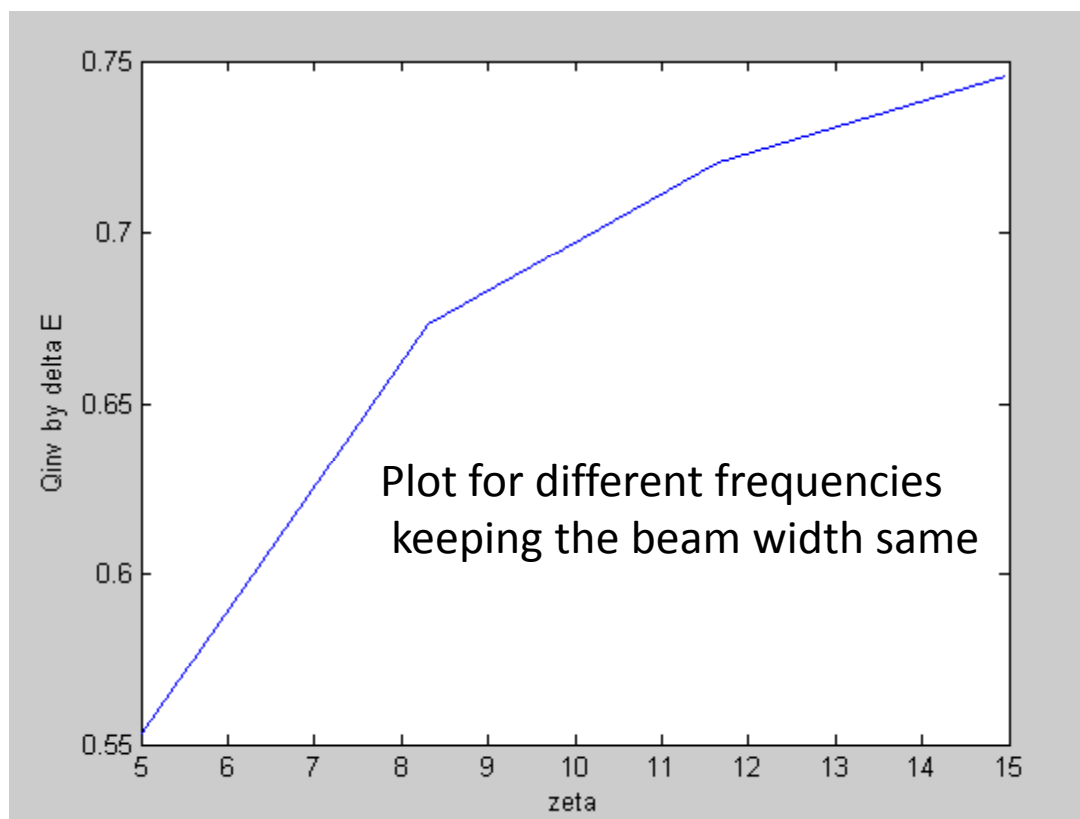


The plot shows that eigen frequency increases significantly because of thermoelastic damping



Inverse of Quality factor

- The amount of thermoelastic damping is expressed in terms of inverse of Quality factor.

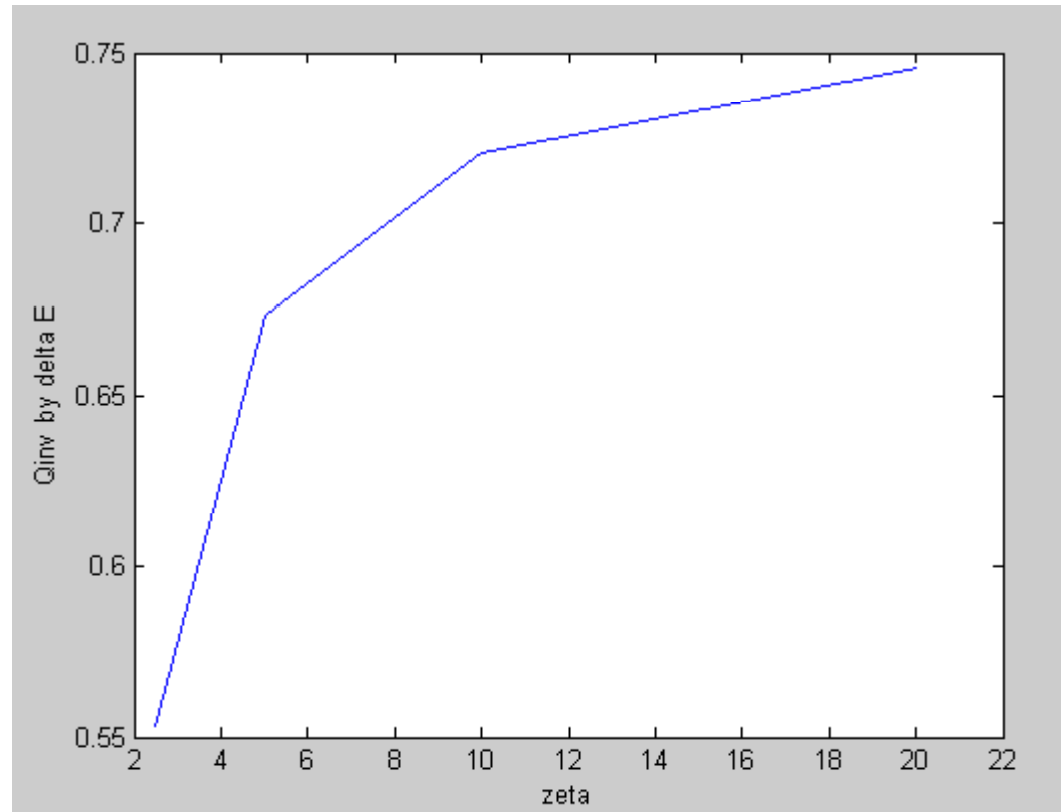


$$Q^{-1} = 2 \left| \frac{Im(\omega)}{Re(\omega)} \right| *$$

$$\xi = b \sqrt{\frac{\omega_0}{2\chi}} *$$

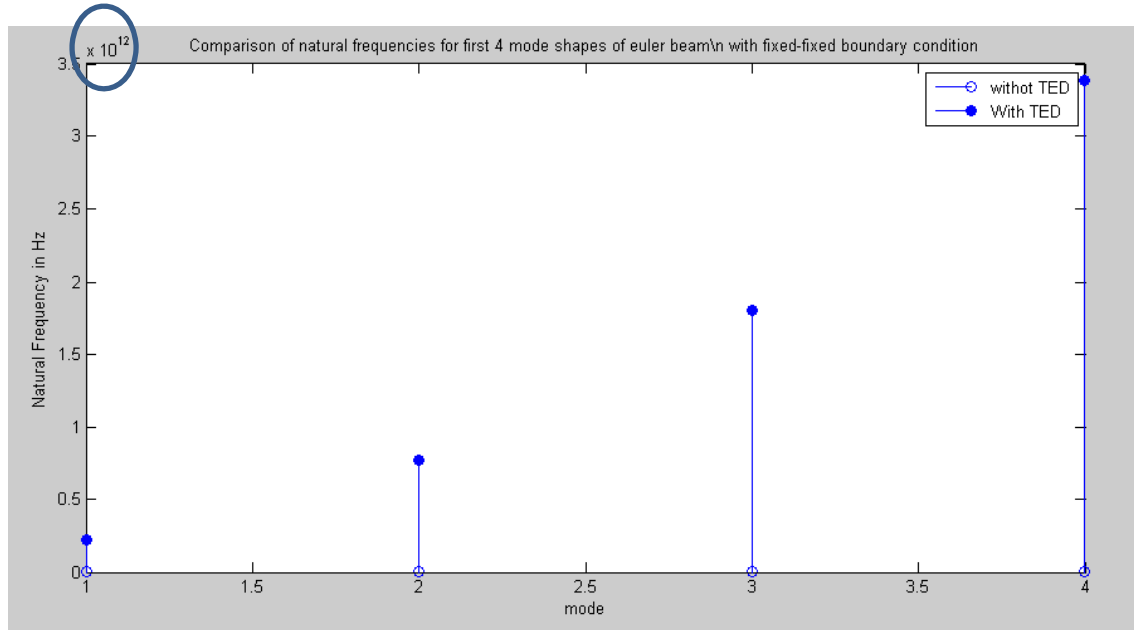
* *Thermoelastic damping in micro- and nanomechanical systems*
- Ron Lifshitz and M.L. Roukes
- *Physical review B*, volume 61.
number 8, 2000

Inverse of quality factor



Plot for same frequency
but with different beam width

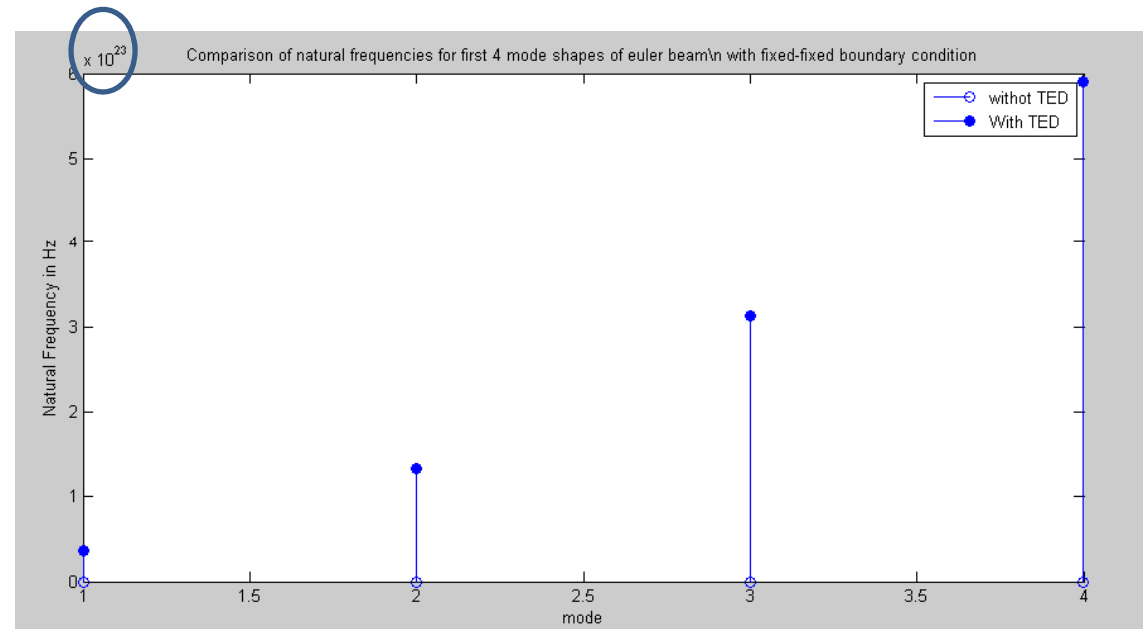
Scaling Effect



$L = 100000e-6 \text{ m}$
 $b = 20000e-6 \text{ m}$
 $c = 2000e-6 \text{ m}$



$L = 100e-6 \text{ m}$
 $b = 20e-6 \text{ m}$
 $c = 2e-6 \text{ m}$



Conclusion



1. There is frequency shift due to thermoelastic damping
2. This effect is dominantly observed in micro and nano scale
3. Quality factor decreases because of thermoelastic damping



Future work

- Studying the effect for electrostatically actuated forced vibration

References

1. Thermoelastic damping in micro- and nanomechanical systems

- Ron Lifshitz and M.L. Roukes

- Physical review B, volume 61. number 8, 2000

Thermoelastic damping in micro- and nanomechanical systems

2. Thermo-mechanical and fracture properties in single crystal silicon

- Alex Masolin · Pierre-Olivier Bouchard · Roberto Martini · Marc Bernacki

3. Analysis of frequency shifts due to thermoelastic coupling in flexural-mode micromechanical and nanomechanical resonators

-Sairam Prabhakar, Michael P. Paidoussis, Srikar Vengallatore

- Journal of sound and vibration 323 (2009) 385-396



Thank You