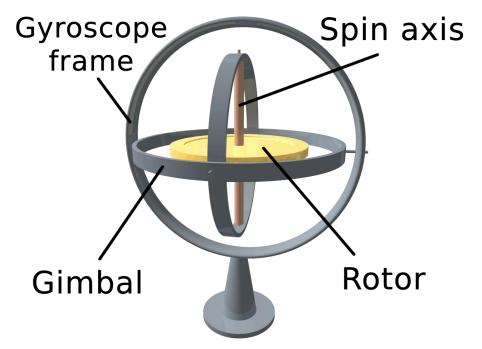
Simulation of a MEMS Gyroscope

ME237

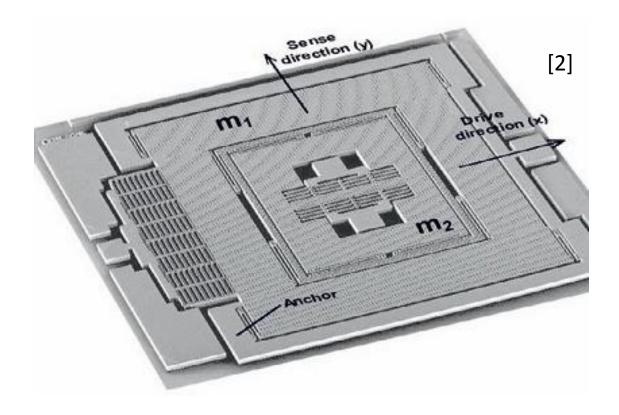
Project assignment

What is a Gyroscope?

- Gyroscope is a device that is used to measure orientation angular velocity and acceleration, if possible, of a body.
- Principal of normal Gyroscope
 - Resisting the change of angular momentum vector.



MEMS Gyroscope



Working Principle

Works by transferring one mode of vibration to another.

Coriolis effect and angular acceleration is used as the method of transfer of energy.

Schematic of a mems Gyroscope

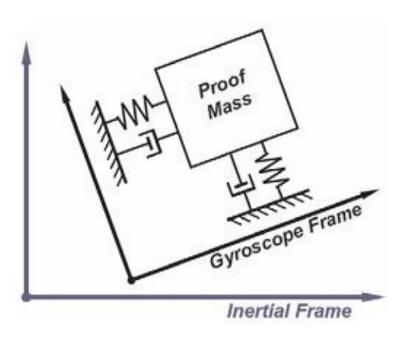


Fig:- Basic working schematic

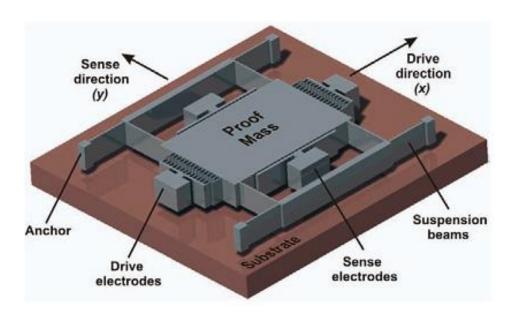
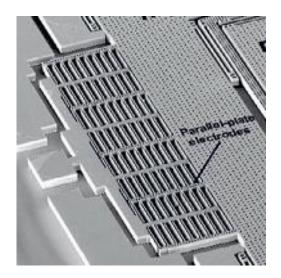


Fig: 3D view of a MEMS Gyro

Driving and sensing

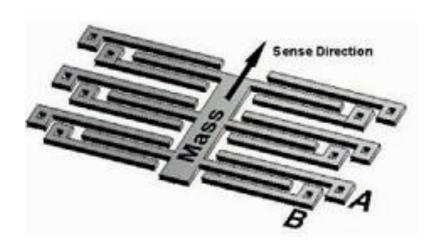
Drive mode

- Parallel plate capacitor as driving actuator.
- Comb drive

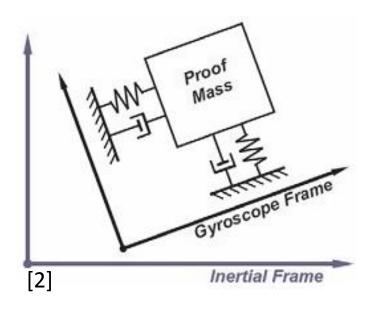


Sense mode

- Parallel plate capacitor as sensor
- Differential sensor



Work done:-



For drive unit

$$m\ddot{x} + c\dot{x} + kx = F \sin(\omega t)$$

$$\therefore \ddot{x} + 2\xi \omega_n \dot{x} + \omega_n^2 x = \frac{F}{m} \sin(\omega t) \cdots (1)$$

For sensing unit

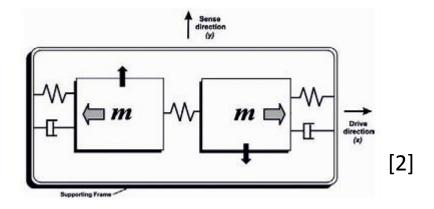
$$m_1 \ddot{y} + c_1 \dot{y} + k_1 y = m_1 \left(2\Omega \dot{x} + \dot{\Omega} x \right)$$

$$\therefore \ddot{y} + 2\xi_1 \omega_{n1} \dot{y} + \omega_{n1}^2 x = 2\Omega \dot{x} + \dot{\Omega} x \cdots (2)$$

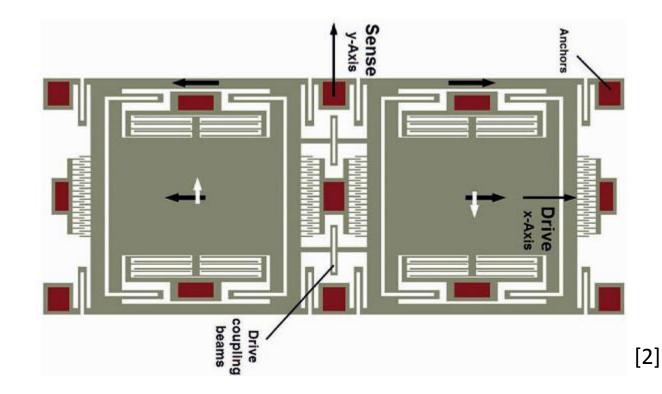
Ans:
$$\dot{x} \propto \omega x (\omega t + \frac{\pi}{2})$$

So for ease of calculation and better understanding of the system, we take the modified from of dynamic equation.

Anti-phase device



Used to remove platform noise from the system.



[2] Mems vibratory Gyroscopes, Cenk Acar and Andrei Shkel



Simulink model

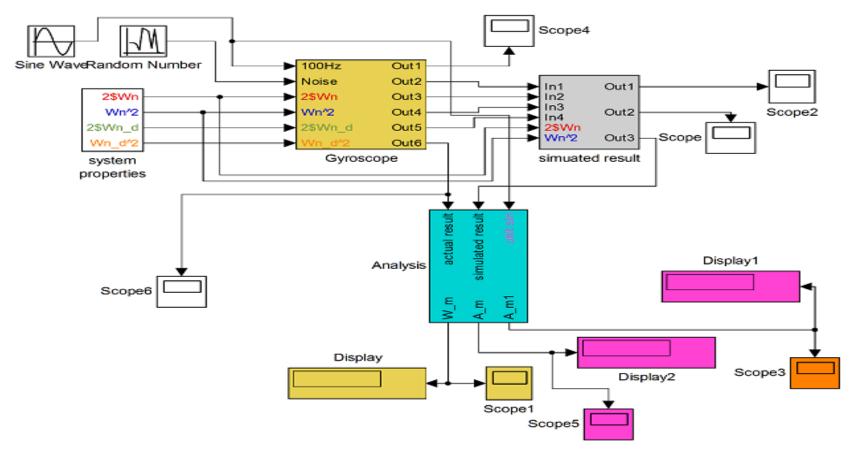


Fig: simulation

of gyroscope

Results

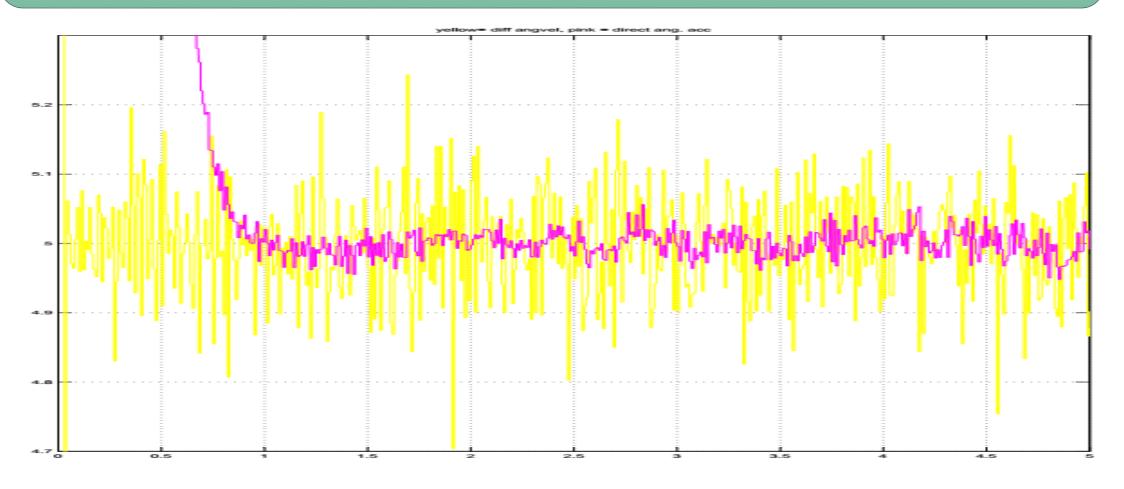


Fig:- comparing 2 simulated angular acc

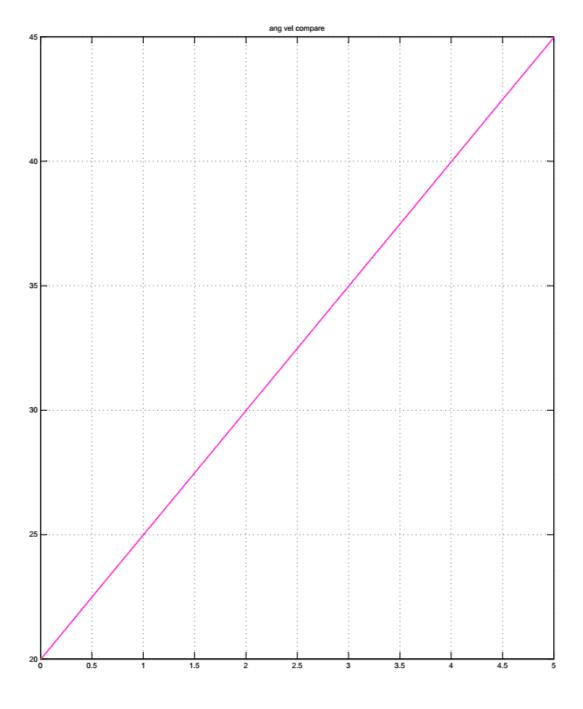


Fig: angular velocity comparison

As it turns out they are over lapping

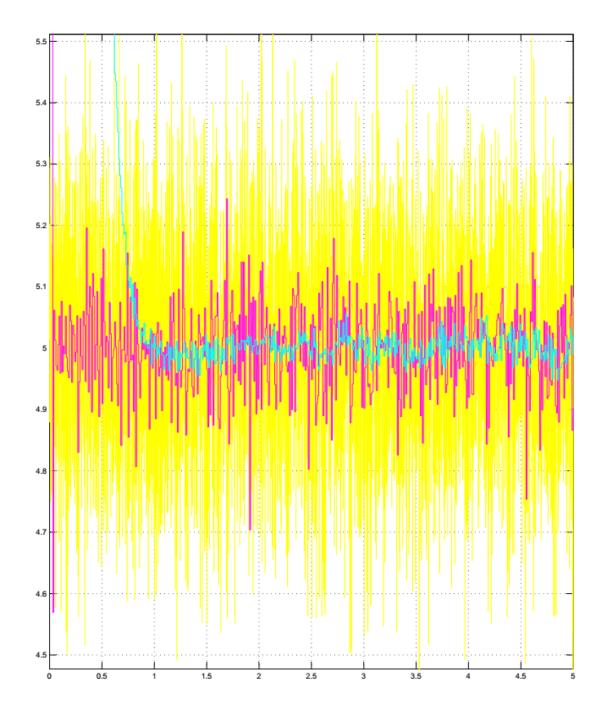


Fig: comparing all acceleration

Yellow= angular acceleration external Pink= differential angular acceleration measured

Light blue= direct angular acceleration measured

Thank you

- Reference
 - I. Mems vibratory Gyroscopes, Cenk Acar and Andrei Shkel
 - II. Micro and Smart systems, G.k.Anandsuresh,k.j.vijoy