

Problem of Flexible Membrane

Consider a perfectly flexible membrane simply supported at the boundary (See Figure 1 below) on the X-Y plane and with a tensile force T per unit length which is everywhere constant in the membrane. If a normal pressure distribution $q(x,y)$ is applied to cause small deflection of the membrane, then using variational principle show that the static deflection $w(x,y)$ of this membrane is solution of the following PDE

$$\frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 W}{\partial y^2} = -\frac{q}{T}$$

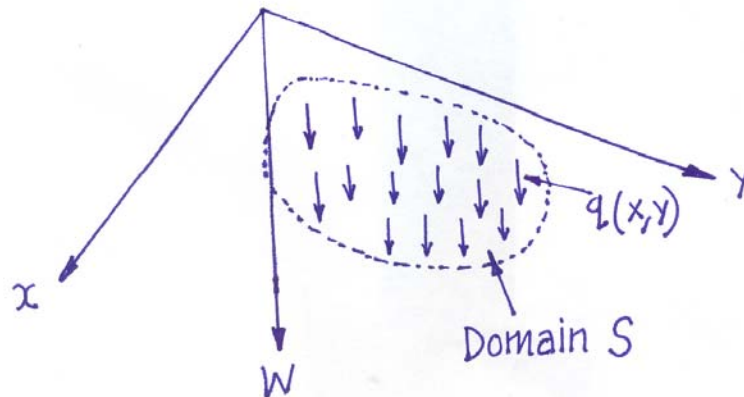


Figure: 1